

Leadership

Managing for Results
Unit 1

Managing for Results



1. Leadership

- 2. Team Effectiveness
- 3. Communication
- 4. Planning for Results
- 5. The Changing Workplace
- 6. Conflict Resolution
- 7. Process Management
- 8. Managing Performance
- 9. Due Diligence
- 10. Managing Diversity

Objectives



- to be able to explain the concept of task leadership
- to apply the concept of task leadership in a current workplace situation.



<u>Agenda</u>

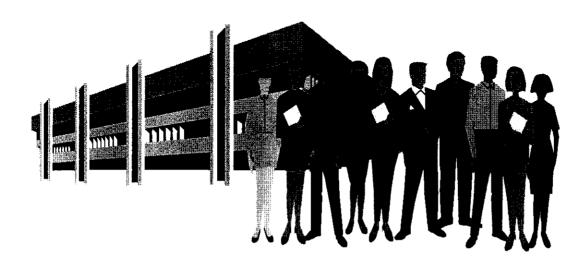


- Introduction
- Task Leadership Model
 - Assessment
 - Assignment
 - Feedback & Coaching
 - Reward & Recognition
- Developing Employees
- Summary and Action Plan

<u>Managing is...</u>



causing results to be achieved that the organization needs through the resources that the organization has.





Things can be managed. People must be led.

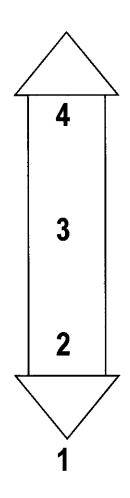
Phases of Task Leadership



- 1. Assessment
- 2. Assignment
- 3. Feedback & Coaching
- 4. Reward & Recognition

Knowledge & Skill



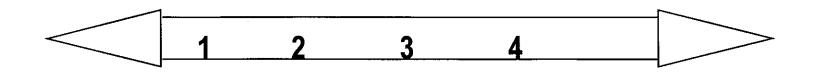


Knowledge required to do the task.

Proven ability to do the task.







Willingness to do the task; internal.

Incentive to do the task; external.

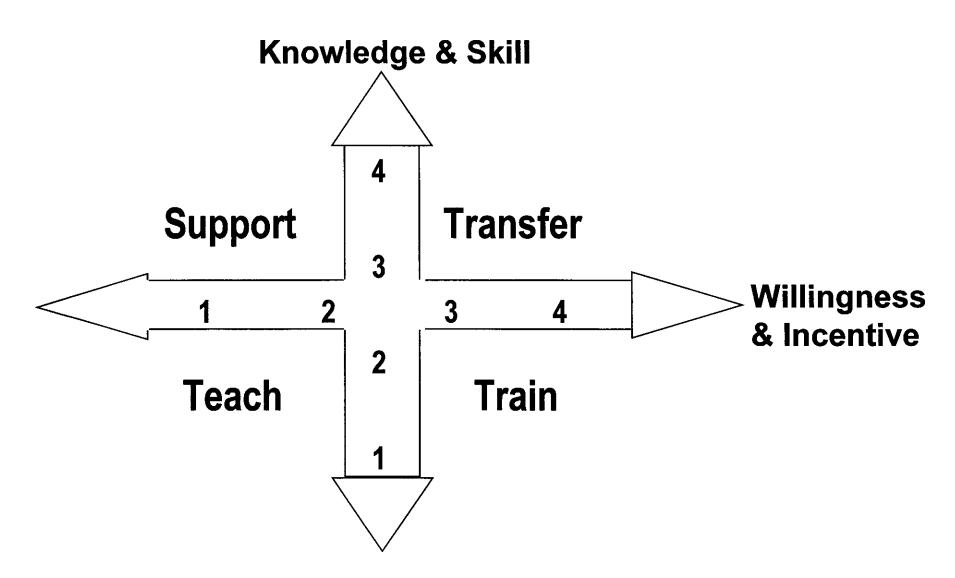
Classic Six Intrinsic Rewards:



- 1. The task or project is seen as meaningful.
- 2. There is a clear understanding of how the task fits into the business plan.
- 3. There is access to information and resources needed to do the task.
- 4. There is enough autonomy to complete the task or project the way it should be done.
- 5. There is feedback from the work itself.
- 6. There is opportunity to learn and grow.

Task Leadership Model





Assessment Worksheet



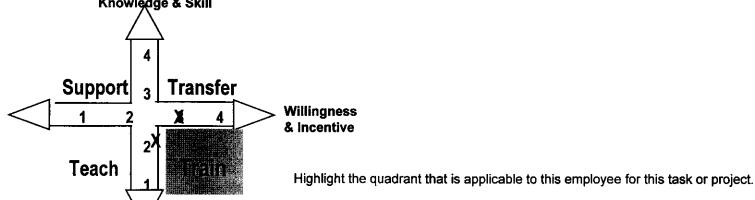
Task or Project:	
Employee:	Date:
Knowledge & Skill	Willingness & Incentive
Rate the knowledge this employee has to perform this task. 1 = low; 4 = high	Rate the employee's internal willingness to perform the task. $1 = low$; $4 = high$
1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4
Why?	Why?
Rate the employee's proven ability to perform this task. 1 = low; 4 = high 1 2 3 4	Rate the external incentives that are available to the employee for performing the task. 1 = low; 4 = high
Why?	1 2 3 4
Average the two ratings and put an V on the	Why?
Average the two ratings and put an X on the Knowledge & Skill 4	Average the two ratings and put an X on the horizontal axis on the model.
Support 3 Transfer 3 4 Willing & Incel	

Highlight the quadrant that is applicable to this employee for this task or project.

Sample Assessment Worksheet



Task or Project: Relocation of the lab	
Employee: John Smith	Date: <u>97/03/18</u>
Knowledge & Skill	Willingness & Incentive
Rate the knowledge this employee has to perform this task. $1 = low$; $4 = high$	Rate the employee's internal willingness to perform the task. $1 = low$; $4 = high$
1 2 3 4	1 2 3
Why? strong math skills awareness of lab supply use	Why? has wanted a bigger lab likes a challenge
Rate the employee's proven ability to perform this task. 1 = low; 4 = high 2 3 4	Rate the external incentives that are available to the employee for performing the task. 1 = low; 4 = high
Why?never budgetted a move Average the two ratings and put an X on the vertical axis on the model below.	Why? no dollars for extras ability to budget could lead to Average the two ratings and put an X on the horizontal axis on the model.
Knowledge & Skill	





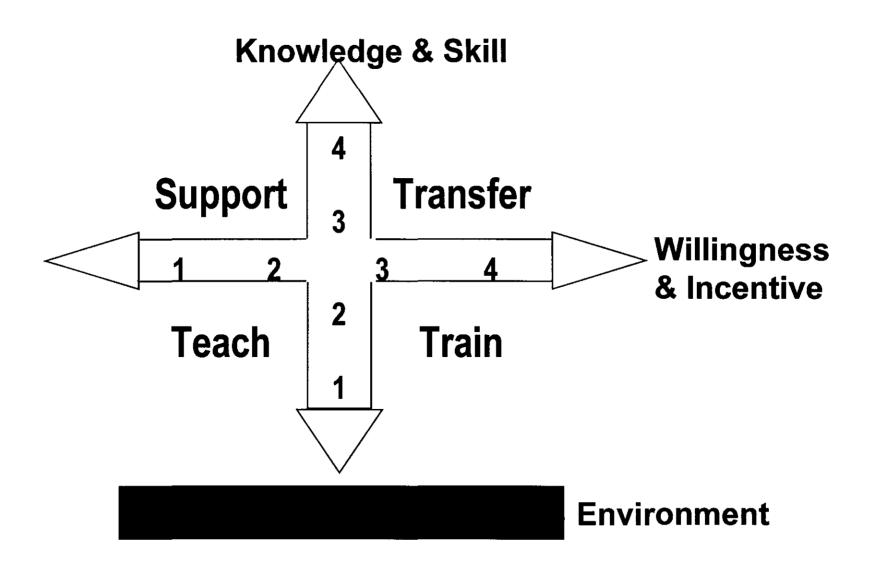


- assess the number of variables that impact the completion of the task or project.
- assess the potential rate of change of those variables.
- assess your degree of control over those variables.

Environment

Task Leadership Model





Assess the Environment Worksheet



Task/Project:	Employee:		
What are the variables that impact the completion of the task?			
	•		

Assess the potential rate of change of each of the above variables:

$$1 = slow \quad 4 = fast$$

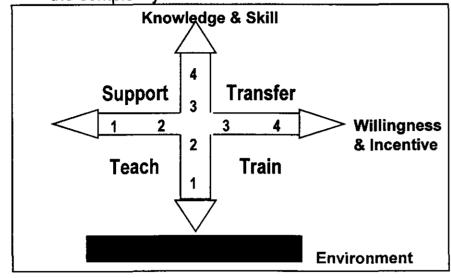
4

How much control will the employee or the leader have over those variables?

$$1 = a lot 4 = none$$

4

Average the ratings and place an X on the model below indicating the complexity of the environment.



simple:	
slightly complex	
more complex	
very complex	

Actions to be taken:

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Sample Worksheet.



Task: Relocation of the lab.	Employee: Jo	<u>hn Smith</u>				
What are the variables that impact	the completion	of the task?				
availability of new lab space						
budget could decrease in new	/ fiscal year					
timing depends on availability	of support staff	<u> </u>				
Assess the potential rate of change	e of each of the	above variable	es:			
1 = slow 4 = fast 1	2	3	4	lab space - 2	budget - 4	timing - 3

How much control will the employee or the leader have over those variables?

1 = a lot 4 = none

2

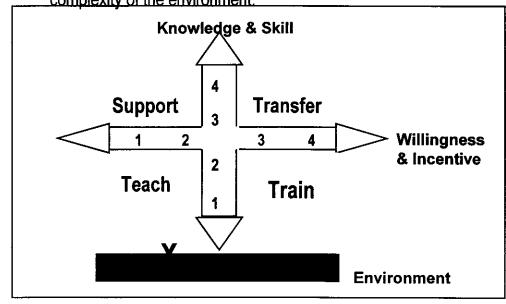
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4

lab space - 4 budge

budget - 3.5 timing - 4

Average the ratings and place an X on the model below indicating the complexity of the environment.



Overall	Rating:
---------	---------

simple:	
slightly complex	
more complex	<u>X</u>
very complex	

Actions to be taken:

- provide JS with info regarding changes when the changes look possible.
- ensure JS is invited to meetings where decisions regarding space are being discussed.

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When assigning a task or project: 🗐

- double check your assessment with the employee,
- work to overcome low willingness or incentive during the assignment phase,
- identify inputs,
- agree on key targets and milestones for the duration of the task or project,
- decide when and how to communicate throughout the completion of the task or project,
- agree on terms of completion including criteria for success
- identify the final devliverable.

<u>Assignment</u>



Willingness

& Incentive

Environment

Teach: work to overcome low willingness and incentive; ensure supports and resources for training and coaching are available prior to assignment.

Support: work to overcome low willingness and incentive.

Train: ensure supports and resources for training and coaching are available prior to task assignment.

Knowledge & Skill

Support

Teach

Transfer

Train

Transfer: assign the task or project and leave the employee to do it.





Employee Name: Task or Project: Leader Assessment: Does the employee agree? If not, revised assessment:			
What needs to be emphase and incentive are low?		nment if willingness	
Inputs:			
Communication & Interfact What: With Who: How Often: Success Criteria:	es: 		
Final Deliverable:	9.1		

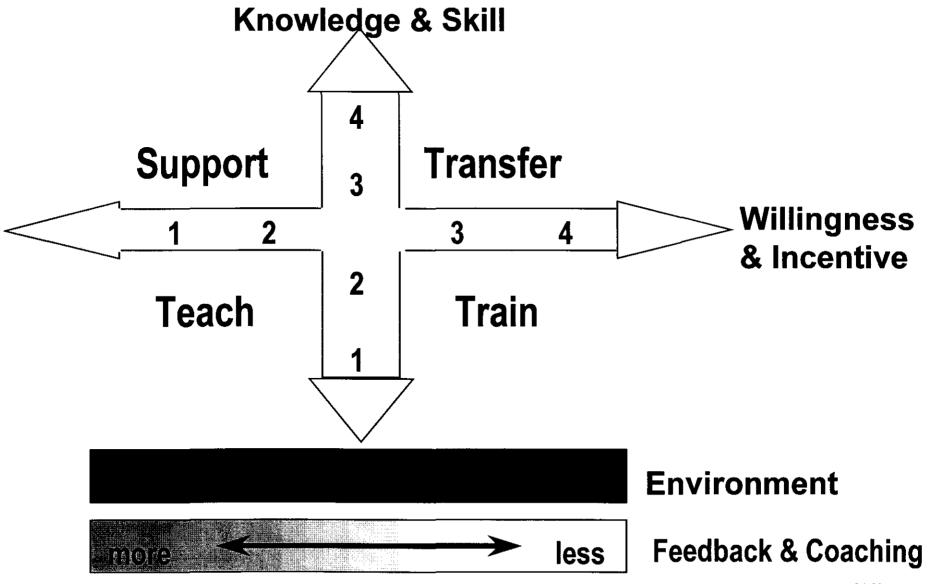




Employee Name:John Smith_ Task Leader Assessment: _Train/more com Does the employee agree? If not, revis What needs to be emphasized during to and incentive are low?n/a	plex sed assessment: _	same	W/l = 4 as a new lab is a high incentive, avoid too much motivation support
Inputs: <u>lab equipment inventory, timing moving crew availability, experiment pl</u> Key targets and milestones: 1. Plan prepared		ce availability	
2. Equipment Inventory3. Moving Day	97/04/1 97/04/3	5 0	
With Who: space mgmt mgr w	97/05/1 xpt. schedules vork team vice/week	timing & packing utility supervisor weekly	
Success Criteria: <u>completed within budget</u> <u>experiments are not com</u> complete within 2 months	promised		-

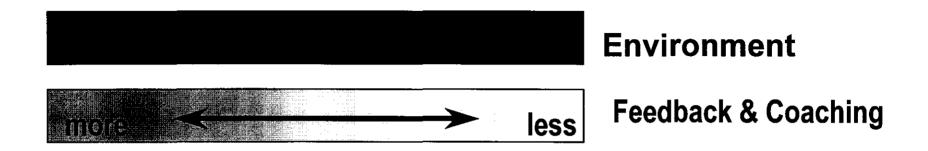
Final Deliverable: Experments running in new, larger lab by 97/05/30.







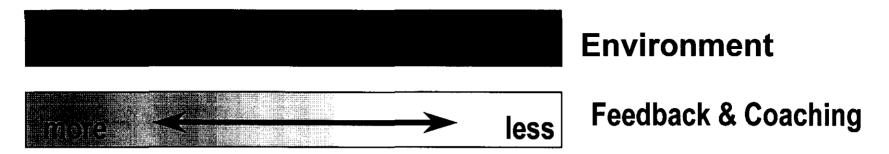
TEACH:



- provide significant feedback and coaching in a simple environment.
- add more one-on-one mentoring in a complex environment or look for someone else to complete the task.



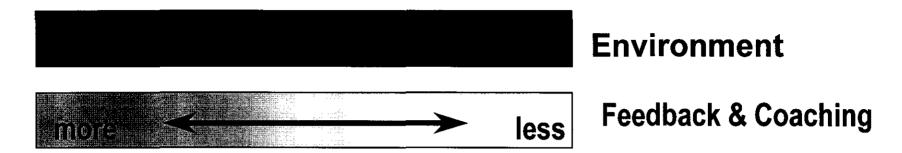
SUPPORT:



- provide reasons why the task has to be done or find an valued incentive, then proceed as for Transfer.
- If unable to improve willingness and incentive, provide significant feedback, coaching and communication to get the task or project completed.
- If this fails, and you are able, it may be necessary to look for someone else.



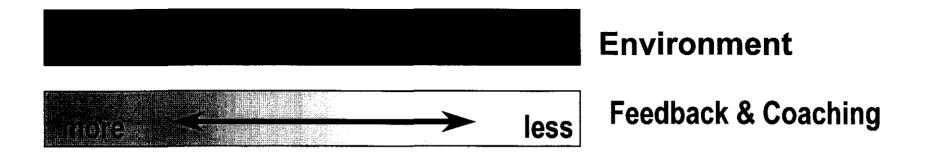
TRAIN:



- Provide training and coaching to improve knowledge or skill.
- Increase leader time commitment for additional communication and coaching around the environmental factors as they become more complex.



TRANSFER:



- Check experience working in a complex environment
- provide communication and coaching around the environmental factors based on experience in a complex environment.

Reward & Recognition



Once the project is complete:

- review the agreed upon success criteria
- discuss the success of the task or project with the employee and agree on key successes and key learnings
- provide the rewards that are suitable to the employee (and any other team members involved)
- recognize the successes and allow yone to learn from what didn't work.





- People learn in three ways:
 - 1. training,
 - 2. watching others, and
 - 3. practicing skills receiving feedback and coaching on a real task or project.
- Using skills on the job when an employee is highly motivated is the most successful way to build a new skill.
- Often, employees need a little teaching, a little observation and a lot of practical experience and encouragement to excel at a specific skill.

Summary



- Definition of Leadership
- Task Leadership Model, 4 phases:
 - Assessment
 - Assignment
 - Coaching & Feedback
 - Reward and Recognition
- Developing Employees